



E-Safety Policy

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Document History

Version	Status	Date	Author	Summary Changes
V1		Oct 21	Jane Durkin	Initial draft
V2		Jan 22	Amy Husband	Page 3; Scope of Policy; para 3, line 1 addition of 'Child Protection' Page 5; under the header Child Protection, the addition of the KCSIE statement

This e-safety policy has been developed by a working group made up of:

- Executive Leadership Team / Senior Leaders/ Pastoral Manager(s)
- E-Safety Coordinator
- Staff including Teachers, Technical staff

The school will monitor the impact of the policy using:

- Logs of reported incidents
- Monitoring logs of internet activity (including sites visited)
- Internal monitoring data for network activity
- Surveys / questionnaires of
- pupils
- parents / carers
- staff

Scope of the Policy

This policy applies to all members of the academy community (including staff, pupils, volunteers, parents / carers, visitors, community users) who have access to and are users of academy ICT systems, both in and out of the *academy*.

The Education and Inspections Act 2006 empowers Headteachers to such extent as is reasonable, to regulate the behaviour of pupils when they are off the academy site and empowers members of staff to impose disciplinary penalties for inappropriate behaviour. This is pertinent to incidents of cyber-bullying, or other e-safety incidents covered by this policy, which may take place outside of the academy, but is linked to membership of the academy. The 2011 Education Act increased these powers with regard to the searching for and of electronic devices and the deletion of data. In the case of both acts, action can only be taken over issues covered by the published Behaviour Policy.

The academy will deal with such incidents within this policy and associated Child Protection, behaviour and anti-bullying policies and will, where known, inform parents / carers of incidents of inappropriate e-safety behaviour that take place out of school.

Roles and Responsibilities

The following section outlines the e-safety roles and responsibilities of individuals and groups within the academy:

Board of Directors:

Directors are responsible for the approval of the E-Safety Policy and for reviewing the effectiveness of the policy. This will be carried out by the Directors receiving regular information about e-safety incidents and monitoring reports. A member of the Governing Board has taken on the role of Safeguarding Governor. The role of the Safeguarding Governor will include:

- meetings with the E-Safety Co-ordinator.
- monitoring of e-safety incident logs on CPOMs
- Annual monitoring of filtering control logs
- reporting to Local Governing Board

Headteacher and Senior Leaders:

- The Headteacher has a duty of care for ensuring the safety (including e-safety) of members of the school community, though the day to day responsibility for e-safety will be delegated to the E-Safety Co-ordinator and Pastoral Lead.
- The Headteacher is aware of the procedures to be followed in the event of a serious e-safety allegation being made against a member of staff. THIS MUST BE REPORTED TO HEAD OF PRIMARY EDUCATION / HEADTEACHER (SECONDARY) (See E-Safety flow-chart)
- The Headteacher is responsible for ensuring that the E-Safety Coordinator and other relevant staff receive suitable training to enable them to carry out their e-safety roles and to train other colleagues, as relevant.

- The Headteacher will ensure that there is a system in place to allow for monitoring and support of those in school who carry out the internal e-safety monitoring role. This is to provide a safety net and also support to those colleagues who take on important monitoring roles.
- The Executive Leadership and Senior Management Team(s) will receive regular monitoring reports from the E-Safety Co-ordinator.

Senior Management Teams:

- leads on e-safety
- takes day to day responsibility for e-safety issues and has a leading role in establishing and reviewing the school e-safety policies.
- ensures that all staff are aware of the procedures that need to be followed in the event of an esafety incident taking place.
- provides training and advice for staff
- liaises with the Local Authority / relevant body
- liaises with school technical staff
- receives reports of e-safety incidents and creates a log of incidents on CPOMS to inform future e-safety developments (N.B. Headteacher to forward PCE check email to Pastoral Lead),
- meets regularly with Safeguarding Governor to discuss current issues, review incident logs and filtering / change control logs
- reports at relevant meeting of Local Governing Board
- reports regularly to Executive Leadership Team.

Technical staff:

The Technical Staff for ICT / Computing are responsible for ensuring:

- that the trust's technical infrastructure is secure and is not open to misuse or malicious attack
- that the trust meets required e-safety technical requirements and any Local Authority / other relevant body E-Safety Policy / Guidance that may apply.
- that users may only access the networks and devices through a properly enforced password protection policy.
- that filtering is applied and updated on a regular basis and that its implementation is not the sole responsibility of any single person
- that they keep up to date with e-safety technical information in order to effectively carry out their e-safety role and to inform and update others as relevant
- that the use of the network, internet and email is regularly monitored in order that any misuse / attempted misuse can be reported to the Headteacher for investigation / action / sanction
- that monitoring systems are implemented and updated as agreed.

Teaching and Support Staff:

Are responsible for ensuring that:

- they have an up to date awareness of e-safety matters and of the current academy e-safety policy and practices
- they have read, understood and signed the Staff Acceptable User Policy (AUP)

- they report any suspected misuse or problem to the Headteacher and Pastoral Manager for investigation / action / sanction
- all digital communications with parents / carers should be on a professional level and only carried out using official school systems
- e-safety issues are embedded in all aspects of the curriculum and other activities
- pupils understand and follow the e-safety and acceptable use policies
- pupils have a good understanding of research skills and the need to avoid plagiarism and uphold copyright regulations at Years 5 and 6 in primary and all secondary aged pupils
- they monitor the use of digital technologies, mobile devices, cameras etc and implement current policies with regard to these devices
- in lessons where internet use is pre-planned pupils should be guided to sites checked as suitable for their use and that processes are in place for dealing with any unsuitable material that is found in internet searches.

Child Protection / Safeguarding Lead:

Should be trained in e-safety issues and be aware of the potential for serious child protection / safeguarding issues to arise from:

- sharing of personal data
- access to illegal / inappropriate materials
- inappropriate on-line contact with adults / strangers
- potential or actual incidents of grooming
- cyber-bullying.

In line with KCSIE 2021, our e-safety policy links closely with Child Protection policy. Where any incidents regarding e-safety cause serious safeguarding concern, the Designated Safeguarding Lead(s) in the academy will act in accordance with our Child Protection policy.

E-Safety Group

The E-Safety Group comprises of the ICT Subject Leader, Pastoral Lead, IT Technician and a class teacher from the alternative Key Stage to the ICT Lead. The E-Safety group has responsibility for issues regarding e-safety and the monitoring the E-Safety Policy including the impact of initiatives. The group will also be responsible for regularly reporting to the Headteacher and to the Local Governing Board.

Members of the E-safety Group will meet with staff from other sc

hools within the MAT and the Head of Primary Education, Head Teacher (Secondary) to support:

- the production / review / monitoring of the school E-Safety Policy / documents.
- the production / review / monitoring of the school filtering policy and requests for filtering changes
- mapping and reviewing the e-safety curricular provision ensuring relevance, breadth and progression
- monitoring network / internet / incident logs
- consulting stakeholders including parents / carers and the pupils about the e-safety provision
- monitoring improvement actions identified through use of the 360 degree safe self review tool.

Students / pupils:

- are responsible for using the academy digital technology systems in accordance with the Pupil Acceptable Use (Secondary) and Parent/Carer Links Policy (Primary)
- have a good understanding of research skills and the need to avoid plagiarism and uphold copyright regulations (Year 5 and 6 primary and all secondary aged pupils)
- need to understand the importance of reporting abuse, misuse or access to inappropriate materials and know how to do so
- will be expected to know and understand policies on the use of mobile devices and digital cameras. They should also know and understand policies on the taking / use of images and on cyber-bullying.
- should understand the importance of adopting good e-safety practice when using digital technologies out of school and realise that the academy's E-Safety Policy covers their actions out of school, if related to their membership of the school.

Parents / Carers

Parents / Carers play a crucial role in ensuring that their children understand the need to use the internet / mobile devices in an appropriate way. The academy will take every opportunity to help parents understand these issues through *parents' evenings, newsletters, letters, website and information about national / local e-safety campaigns.* Parents and carers will be encouraged to support the academy in promoting good e-safety practice and to follow guidelines on the appropriate use of:

- access to parents' sections of the website and on-line pupil records
- their children's personal devices in the academy (where this is allowed).

Policy Statements

Education – pupils

Whilst regulation and technical solutions are very important, their use must be balanced by educating pupils to take a responsible approach. The education of pupils in e-safety is therefore an essential part of the school's e-safety provision. Children and young people need the help and support of the school to recognise and avoid e-safety risks and build their resilience.

E-safety should be a focus in all areas of the curriculum and staff should reinforce e-safety messages across the curriculum. The e-safety curriculum should be broad, relevant and provide progression, with opportunities for creative activities and will be provided in the following ways:

- A planned e-safety curriculum should be provided as part of Computing / PHSE / other lessons and should be regularly revisited
- Key e-safety messages should be reinforced as part of a planned programme of assemblies and tutorial / pastoral activities
- Pupils should be taught in all lessons to be critically aware of the materials / content they access on-line and be guided to validate the accuracy of information.

- Pupils should be helped to understand the need for the pupil Acceptable User Agreement and encouraged to adopt safe and responsible use both within and outside school
- Staff should act as good role models in their use of digital technologies the internet and mobile devices
- in lessons where internet use is pre-planned, it is best practice that pupils should be guided to sites checked as suitable for their use and that processes are in place for dealing with any unsuitable material that is found in internet searches.
- Where pupils are allowed to freely search the internet, staff should be vigilant in monitoring the content of the websites the young people visit.
- It is accepted that from time to time, for good educational reasons, pupils may need to research topics (eg racism, drugs, discrimination) that would normally result in internet searches being blocked. In such a situation, staff can request that the Technical Staff (or other relevant designated person) can temporarily remove those sites from the filtered list for the period of study. Any request to do so, should be auditable, be made well in advance, with clear reasons for the need.
- Not all sites can be removed from the filter.

Education – parents / carers

Many parents and carers have only a limited understanding of e-safety risks and issues, yet they play an essential role in the education of their children and in the monitoring / regulation of the children's on-line behaviours. Parents may underestimate how often children and young people come across potentially harmful and inappropriate material on the internet and may be unsure about how to respond.

The school will therefore seek to provide information and awareness to parents and carers through:

- Curriculum activities
- Letters, newsletters, web site
- Parents / Carers evenings / sessions
- High profile events / campaigns eg Safer Internet Day
- Reference to the relevant web sites / publications eg <u>www.swgfl.org.uk</u> www.saferinternet.org.uk/ http://www.childnet.com/parents-and-carers

Education & Training – Staff / Volunteers

It is essential that all staff receive e-safety training and understand their responsibilities, as outlined in this policy. Training will be offered as follows:

- A annual programme of formal e-safety training will be made available to staff. This will be regularly updated and reinforced. An audit of the e-safety training needs of all staff will be carried out regularly.
- All new staff should receive e-safety training from the E-Safety Co-ordinator as part of their induction programme, ensuring that they fully understand the school e-safety policy and Acceptable User Agreements.
- The E-Safety Coordinator will receive regular updates through attendance at external training events and by reviewing guidance documents released by relevant organisations.

- This E-Safety policy and its updates will be presented to and discussed by staff in staff / team meetings / INSET days.
- The E-Safety Coordinator will provide advice / guidance / training to individuals as required.

Training – Directors and Governors

Directors and Governors should take part in e-safety training / awareness sessions, with particular importance for those who are members of any sub committee / group involved in technology / e-safety / health and safety / child protection. This may be offered in a number of ways:

- Attendance at training provided by the Local Authority / National Governors Association / or other relevant organisation
- Participation in school training / information sessions for staff or parents.

Technical – infrastructure / equipment, filtering and monitoring

The Trust's Firewalls, have sophisticated Filtering Services enabled to provide Content Filtering Services based on definitions updated in real time from the Global FortiGuard database.

The system is Next Generation Firewall, with advanced Layer-7 filtering, Deep Packet Inspection, Application Aware Firewalling, Intrusion Detection and Prevention, and has been certified against the UK Safer Internet Centre criteria for Content Filtering in Education.

The Firewalls download their content filtering database in real-time from the FortiGuard Service, which includes blocking for illegal child abuse Images by actively implementing the CAIC list. FortiGuard also integrates the police assessed list of unlawful terrorist content, produced on behalf of the Home Office. In addition, FortiGuard supports content blocking by category, and as a default blocks sites and content containing discrimination, drugs/substance abuse, extremism, malware/hacking, pornography, piracy & copyrighted material, self-harm, and violence.

The Trust's Digital Safeguarding monitoring service provides real-time monitoring of Windows, Mac and Chromebook devices within our schools for safeguarding concerns and legislative compliance.

This is achieved by the installation of a small monitoring client which examines both keyboard and desktop application for key words and phrases.

Should a word or phrase of concern be detected by the client, a screenshot is captured and sent to the DSL.

The service helps to monitor, manage, and eradicate e-safety issues such as:

- Cyber Bullying
- Cyber Slacking
- Abusive and threatening language used in documents, emails or chat sessions
- Racial or Sexual Harassment
- Inappropriate web site access

• Gambling, unethical or illegal practices.

Each academy will ensure that the relevant people named in the above sections will be effective in carrying out their e-safety responsibilities:

- Academy technical systems will be managed in ways that ensure that the academy meets recommended technical requirements.
- There will be regular reviews and audits of the safety and security of school academy technical systems
- Servers, wireless systems and cabling must be securely located and physical access restricted
- All users will have clearly defined access rights to academy technical systems and devices.
- All users (at KS2 and above) will be provided with a username and secure password. Users are responsible for the security of their username and password
- The Technical Staff are responsible for ensuring that software licence logs are accurate and up to date and that regular checks are made to reconcile the number of licences purchased against the number of software installations
- Internet access is filtered for all users.
- Academy technical staff regularly monitor and record the activity of users on the Trust's technical systems and users are made aware of this in the Acceptable User Agreement.
- An appropriate system is in place for users to report any actual / potential technical incident / security breach to the relevant person.
- Appropriate security measures are in place to protect the servers, firewalls, routers, wireless systems, work stations, mobile devices etc from accidental or malicious attempts which might threaten the security of the school systems and data. The school infrastructure and individual workstations are protected by up to date virus software.
- The provision of temporary access of "guests" (eg trainee teachers, supply teachers, visitors) onto the school systems.
- Guest access to the Wifi network is permitted with a separate secure login provided to Guests who require access to the network. The Guest network is subject to the same filters as the main network but does not have access to any of the internal network areas. The Guest loin only lasts for 24 hours
- For security and accountability/licencing, staff are not permitted to use their own iTunes accounts with mobile devices. New App's must be requested and authorised before they are installed.
- Personal data unless in accordance with Data Protection Policy cannot be sent over the internet or taken off the school site unless safely encrypted or otherwise secured.

Email

E-mail is an essential means of communication for both staff and pupils. Directed e- mail use can bring significant educational benefits and interesting projects. However, un-regulated e-mail can provide a means of access to a pupil that bypasses the traditional academy boundaries. In the school context, therefore, e-mail is not considered private and is monitored by staff, whilst trying to achieve a balance between monitoring that is necessary to maintain the safety of pupils and the preservation of human rights, both of which are covered by recent legislation.

Pupils

- Pupils will only use approved e-mail accounts on the school system where contacts have been made and approved between organisations such as partner schools. Pupils may not access personal email accounts in school.
- Pupils must immediately tell a teacher if they receive offensive e-mail.
- In e-mail communication, pupils must not reveal their personal details or those of others, or arrange to meet anyone without specific permission.
- Incoming e-mail should be treated as suspicious and attachments not opened unless the author is known.

Staff

- Email sent to an external organisations containing personal information must be password protected.
- Internal emails should use pupil's initials where appropriate.

Use of digital and video images

The development of digital imaging technologies has created significant benefits to learning, allowing staff and pupils instant use of images that they have recorded themselves or downloaded from the internet. However, staff, parents / carers and pupils need to be aware of the risks associated with publishing digital images on the internet. Such images may provide avenues for cyberbullying to take place. Digital images may remain available on the internet forever and may cause harm or embarrassment to individuals in the short or longer term. It is common for employers to carry out internet searches for information about potential and existing employees. The school will inform and educate users about these risks and will implement policies to reduce the likelihood of the potential for harm:

- When using digital images, staff should inform and educate pupils about the risks associated
 with the taking, use, sharing, publication and distribution of images. In particular they should
 recognise the risks attached to publishing their own images on the internet eg on social
 networking sites.
- In accordance with guidance from the Information Commissioner's Office, parents / carers are welcome to take videos and digital images of their children at school events for their own personal use (as such use in not covered by the Data Protection Act). To respect everyone's privacy and in some cases protection, these images should not be published / made publicly available on social networking sites, nor should parents / carers comment on any activities involving other pupils in the digital / video images.
- Staff and volunteers are allowed to take digital / video images to support educational aims, but must delete any images of pupils within a week. This should allow time for staff to use images of pupils to create Assessment journals using such Apps 'Pic Collage'. Those images should only be taken on school equipment, the personal equipment of staff should not be used for such purposes.

- Care should be taken when taking digital / video images that pupils are appropriately dressed and are not participating in activities that might bring the individuals or the school into disrepute.
- Pupils must not take, use, share, publish or distribute images of others without their permission
- Photographs published on the website, or elsewhere (including Youtube) that include pupils will be selected carefully and will comply with good practice guidance on the use of such images.
- Pupils' full names will not be used anywhere on a website or blog, particularly in association with photographs.
- Written permission from parents or carers will be obtained before photographs or videos of pupils are published on the school website or Youtube.

Data Protection

Personal data will be recorded, processed, transferred and made available according to the Data Protection Act 2018, UK GDPR and the Trust's Data Protection Policy.

An annual programme of data protection training will be made available to staff. New staff should receive a data protection induction within their first month of employment.

Communications

A wide range of rapidly developing communications technologies has the potential to enhance learning. The following table shows how the school currently considers the benefit of using these technologies for education outweighs their risks / disadvantages:

When using communication technologies the school considers the following as good practice:

- The official academy email service may be regarded as safe and secure and is monitored. Users should be aware that email communications are monitored.
- Users must immediately report, to the nominated person in accordance with the academy policy, the receipt of any communication that makes them feel uncomfortable, is offensive, discriminatory, threatening or bullying in nature and must not respond to any such communication.
- Any digital communication between staff and parents / carers must be professional in tone and content. These communications may only take place on official (monitored) academy systems.
 Personal email addresses, text messaging or social media must not be used for these communications.
- Whole class email addresses will be provided for educational use.
- Pupils should be taught about e-safety issues, such as the risks attached to the sharing of personal details. They should also be taught strategies to deal with inappropriate communications and be reminded of the need to communicate appropriately when using digital technologies.
- Personal information should not be posted on the academy website and only official email addresses should be used to identify members of staff.

Social Media - Protecting Professional Identity

All schools, academies and local authorities have a duty of care to provide a safe learning environment for pupils and staff. Schools/academies and local authorities could be held responsible, indirectly for acts of their employees in the course of their employment. Staff members who harass, cyberbully, discriminate on the grounds of sex, race or disability or who defame a third party may render the academy or local authority liable to the injured party. Reasonable steps to prevent predictable harm must be in place.

The school provides the following measures to ensure reasonable steps are in place to minimise risk of harm to pupils, staff and the school through limiting access to personal information:

- Training to include: acceptable use; social media risks; checking of settings; data protection; reporting issues.
- Clear reporting guidance, including responsibilities, procedures and sanctions

School staff should ensure that:

- No reference should be made in social media to pupils, parents / carers or school staff
- They do not engage in online discussion on personal matters relating to members of the school community
- Personal opinions should not be attributed to the academy or local authority
- Security settings on personal social media profiles are regularly checked to minimise risk of loss of personal information.

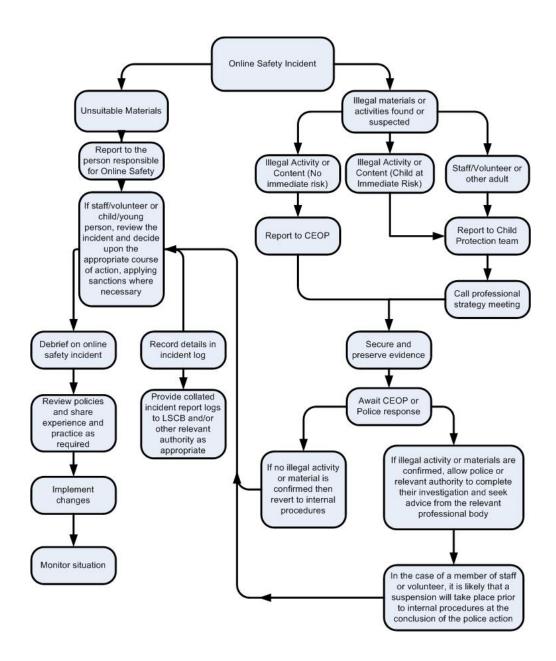
The academy's use of social media for professional purposes will be checked regularly by the Headteacher and e-safety officer to ensure compliance with the Social Media, Data Protection, Communications, Digital Image and Video Policies.

Responding to incidents of misuse

This guidance is intended for use when staff need to manage incidents that involve the use of online services. It encourages a safe and secure approach to the management of the incident. Incidents might involve illegal or inappropriate activities (see "User Actions" above).

Illegal Incidents

If there is any suspicion that the web site(s) concerned may contain child abuse images, or if there is any other suspected illegal activity, refer to the right hand side of the Flowchart (below and appendix) for responding to online safety incidents and report immediately to the police.



Other Incidents

It is hoped that all members of the school community will be responsible users of digital technologies, who understand and follow academy policy. However, there may be times when infringements of the policy could take place, through careless or irresponsible or, very rarely, through deliberate misuse.

In the event of suspicion, all steps in this procedure should be followed:

- Have more than one senior member of staff involved in this process. This is vital to protect individuals if accusations are subsequently reported.
- Conduct the procedure using a designated computer that will not be used by young people and if necessary can be taken off site by the police should the need arise. Use the same computer for the duration of the procedure.

- It is important to ensure that the relevant staff should have appropriate internet access to conduct the procedure, but also that the sites and content visited are closely monitored and recorded (to provide further protection).
- Record the url of any site containing the alleged misuse and describe the nature of the content causing concern. It may also be necessary to record and store screenshots of the content on the machine being used for investigation. These may be printed, signed and attached to the form (except in the case of images of child sexual abuse see below)
- Once this has been completed and fully investigated the group will need to judge whether this concern has substance or not. If it does then appropriate action will be required and could include the following:
- Internal response or discipline procedures
- Involvement by Local Authority or national / local organisation (as relevant).
- Police involvement and/or action
- If content being reviewed includes images of Child abuse then the monitoring should be halted and referred to the Police immediately. Other instances to report to the police would include:
- incidents of 'grooming' behaviour
- the sending of obscene materials to a child
- adult material which potentially breaches the Obscene Publications Act
- criminally racist material
- other criminal conduct, activity or materials
- Isolate the computer in question as best you can. Any change to its state may hinder a later police investigation.

It is important that all of the above steps are taken as they will provide an evidence trail for the academy and possibly the police and demonstrate that visits to these sites were carried out for child protection purposes. The completed form should be retained by the group for evidence and reference purposes.

Reviewed by: Jane Durkin October 2021

Next Review Date: October 2023

Approved by Directors: 7 February 2022

Signed:

Muller m. w. poe

Lois Whitehouse Mark Gore
CEO Chair of Standards